

# The Effective Shafarevich Conjecture

Algebra Colloquium, Charles University

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Charles University

26 November 2024

# Diophantine equations

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Are there other solutions?



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 $x = 569936821221962380720$ ,  $y = -569936821113563493509$ ,  $z = -472715493453327032$   
(Booker–Sutherland, 2019)

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$$a^2 + b^2 = d^2, \quad a^2 + c^2 = e^2, \quad b^2 + c^2 = f^2, \quad \text{and} \quad a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = g^2 ?$$

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**Diophantine equations are hard!**



# Hilbert's 10th Problem

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David Hilbert



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## Hilbert's 10th Problem (1900)

Find an algorithm that decides whether any given polynomial equation  $p(x_1, \dots, x_n) = 0$  over the integers has an integral solution  $x_1, \dots, x_n \in \mathbb{Z}$ .



David Hilbert

# Hilbert's 10th Problem

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Theorem (Matiyasevich–Robinson–Davis–Putnam, 1970)

*No such algorithm exists!*



Yuri Matiyasevich



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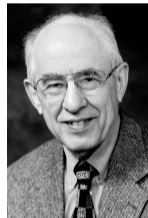
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- Okay, so trying to solve arbitrary Diophantine equations seems hopeless.

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- Okay, so trying to solve arbitrary Diophantine equations seems hopeless.
- Should we just pack up and leave?

# Universal Diophantine system

## Theorem (Jones, 1982)

*There does not exist an algorithm which takes as input positive integers  $x, v \in \mathbb{Z}_{>0}$  and outputs whether the Diophantine equation*

$$\begin{aligned} & (elg^2 + \alpha - (b - xy)q^2)^2 + (q - b^{560})^2 + (\lambda + q^4 - 1 - \lambda b^5)^2 + (\theta + 2z - b^5)^2 \\ & + (u + t\theta - l)^2 + (y + m\theta - e)^2 + (n - q^{16})^2 + ((g + eq^3 + lq^5 \\ & + (2(e - z\lambda)(1 + xb^5 + g)^4 + \lambda b^5 + \lambda b^5 q^4)q^4)(n^2 - n) + (q^3 - bl + l + \theta\lambda q^3 \\ & + (b^5 - 2)q^5)(n^2 - 1) - r)^2 + (p - 2ws^2 r^2 n^2)^2 + (p^2 k^2 - k^2 + 1 - \tau^2)^2 \\ & + (4(c - ksn^2)^2 + \eta - k^2)^2 + (r + 1 + hp - h - k)^2 + (a - (wn^2 + 1)rsn^2)^2 \\ & + (2r + 1 + \phi - c)^2 + (bw + ca - 2c + 4\alpha\gamma - 5\gamma - d)^2 + ((a^2 - 1)c^2 + 1 - d^2)^2 \\ & + ((a^2 - 1)i^2 c^4 + 1 - f^2)^2 + (((a + f^2(d^2 - a))^2 - 1)(2r + 1 + jc)^2 \\ & + 1 - (d + of)^2)^2 + (((z + u + y)^2 + u)^2 + y - v)^2 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

*has a solution over the positive integers.*

# Universal Diophantine system

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*When you learn that no algorithm exists to determine whether an arbitrary integral Diophantine equation has integer solutions.*



# Universal Diophantine system

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## Theorem (Jones, 1982)

*There is no algorithm to test whether a polynomial  $P(x_1, \dots, x_9) \in \mathbb{Z}[x_1, \dots, x_9]$  has positive integer solutions  $x_1, \dots, x_9$ .*



James Jones

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## Conjecture (Baker 1968, Matiyasevich–Robinson 1975)

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- What about a polynomial  $P(x_1, x_2)$  in two variables?



James Jones



Alan Baker

# Plane curves

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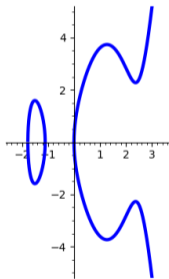
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Let's focus on plane algebraic curves (a single polynomial equation in two variables  $f(x, y) = 0$ ).

# Plane curves

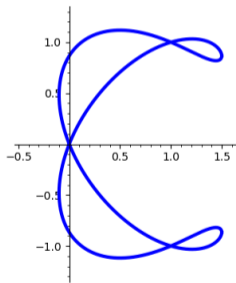
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**Genus 2 curve**



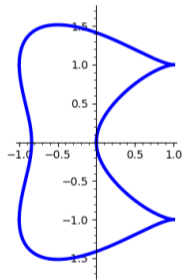
$$y^2 = x^5 - 2x^4 - 6x^3 + 8x^2 + 12x$$

**Ampersand curve**



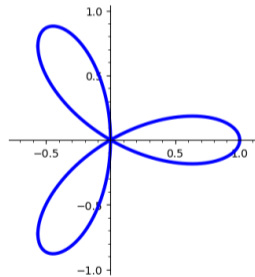
$$(y^2 - x^2)(x - 1)(2x - 3) = 4(x^2 + y^2 - 2x)^2$$

**Bicuspid curve**



$$(x^2 - 1)(x - 1)^2 = -(y^2 - 1)^2$$

**Three leaf clover**



$$x^4 + 2x^2y^2 + y^4 - x^3 + 3xy^2 = 0$$

# Plane curves

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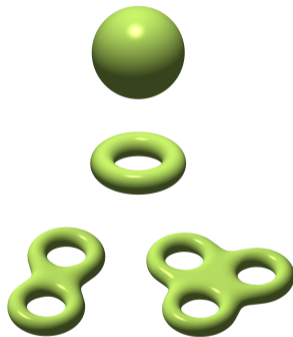


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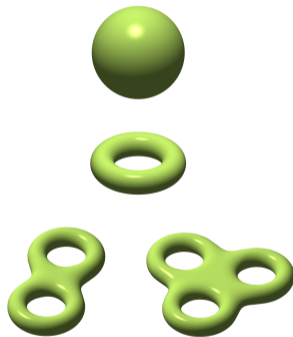




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## Theorem (Genus–degree formula)

The genus  $g$  of a smooth irreducible degree  $d$  plane curve  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  is  $g = \frac{(d-1)(d-2)}{2}$ .

# Genus 0 curves

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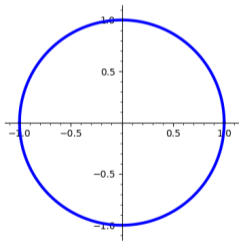
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# Genus 0 curves

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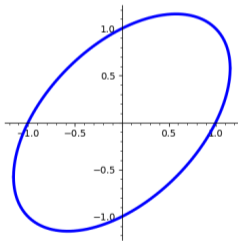
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**Circle**



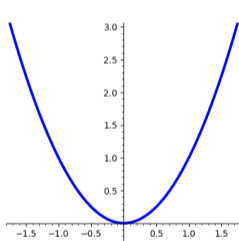
$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

**Ellipse**



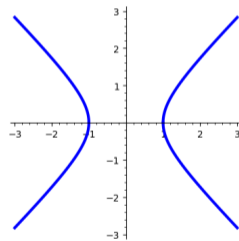
$$x^2 - xy + y^2 = 1$$

**Parabola**



$$y = x^2$$

**Hyperbola**



$$y^2 + 1 = x^2$$

# Genus 0 curves

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$C(\mathbb{Q})$

# Genus 0 curves

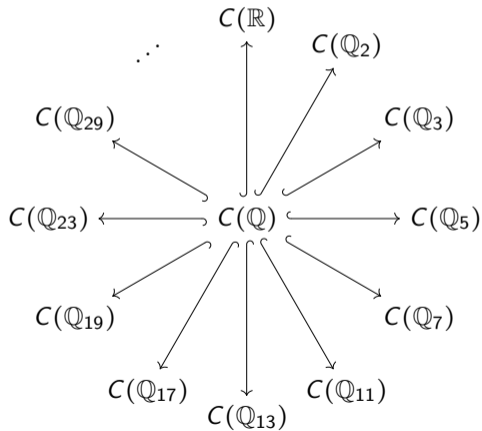
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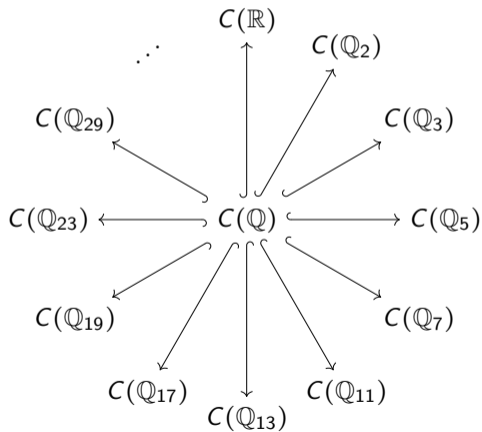
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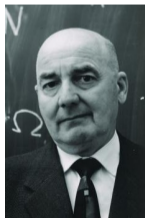
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## Theorem (Hasse-Minkowski)

Let  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  be a smooth genus 0 curve. Then  $C(\mathbb{Q}) \neq \emptyset$  if and only if  $C(\mathbb{R}) \neq \emptyset$  and  $C(\mathbb{Q}_p) \neq \emptyset$  for all primes  $p$ .



Helmut Hasse



Hermann Minkowski

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Example (Pythagorean triples)

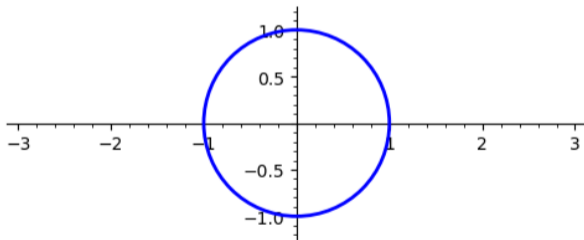
Find all  $x, y \in \mathbb{Q}$  such that  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ .

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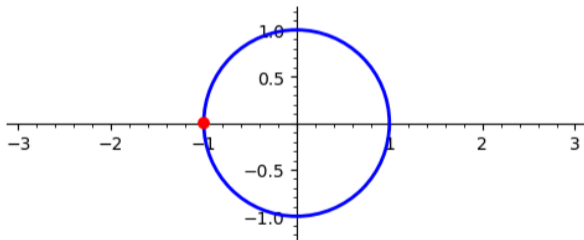


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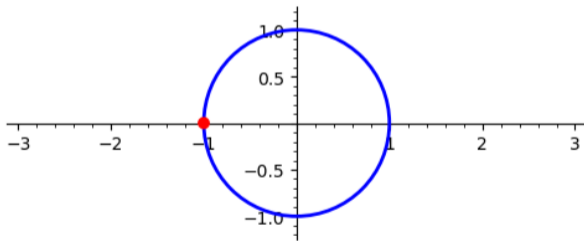


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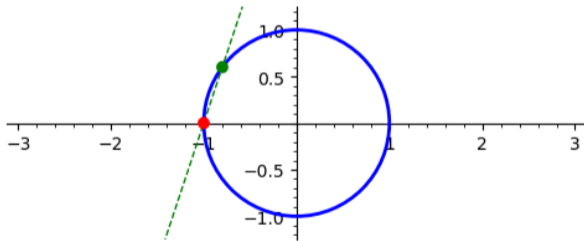
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$t$	Point
3	$(-4/5, 3/5)$

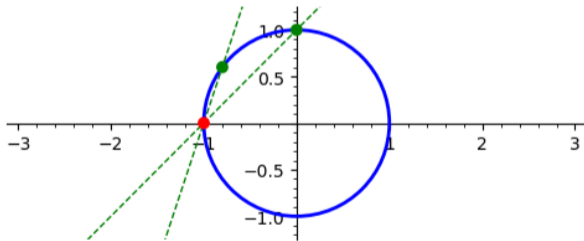


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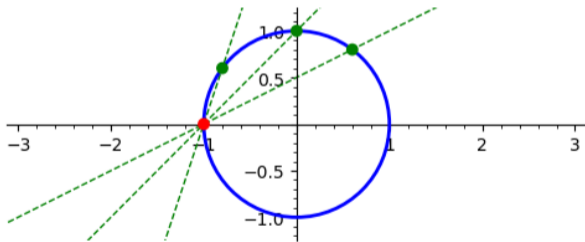
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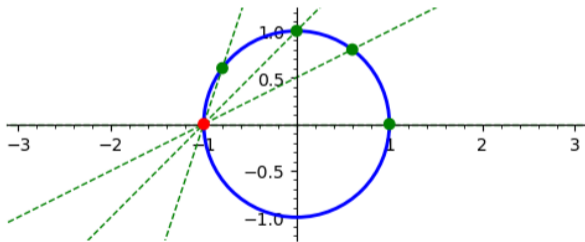
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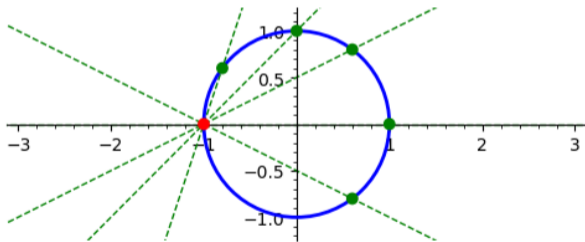
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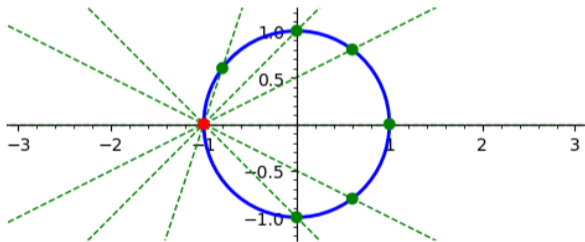
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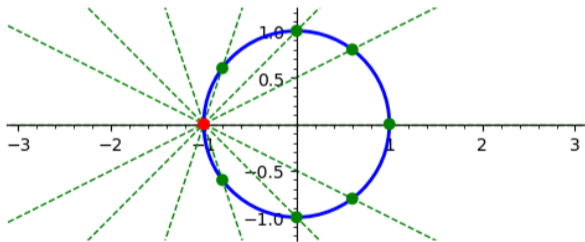
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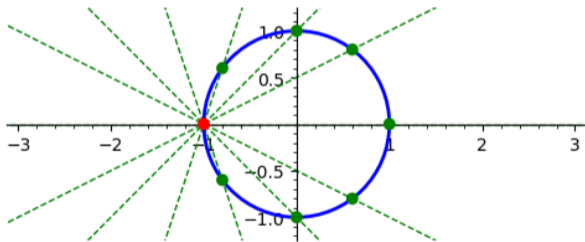
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- Solution:**  $(x, y) = (-1, 0)$  or  $(\frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2}, \frac{2t}{1+t^2})$  for some  $t \in \mathbb{Q}$ .

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Let  $C/\mathbb{Q} : 3x^3 + 4y^3 + 5 = 0$ . Then  $C(\mathbb{Q}) = \emptyset$  but  $C(\mathbb{R}) \neq \emptyset$  and  $C(\mathbb{Q}_p) \neq \emptyset$  for all primes  $p$ .

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- In this case,  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  is an **elliptic curve**. These are precisely the dimension 1 **abelian varieties**!

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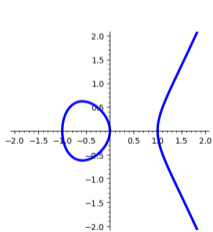


# Elliptic Curves

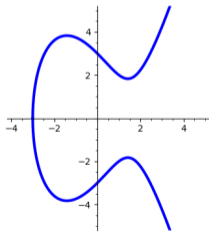
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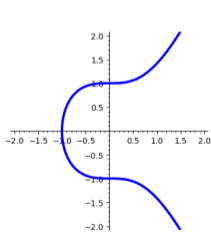
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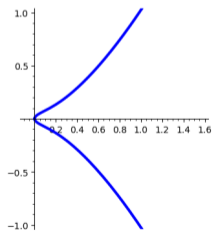
$$y^2 = x^3 - x$$



$$y^2 = x^3 - 6x + 9$$



$$y^2 = x^3 + 1$$



$$y^2 = x^3 + 5x$$

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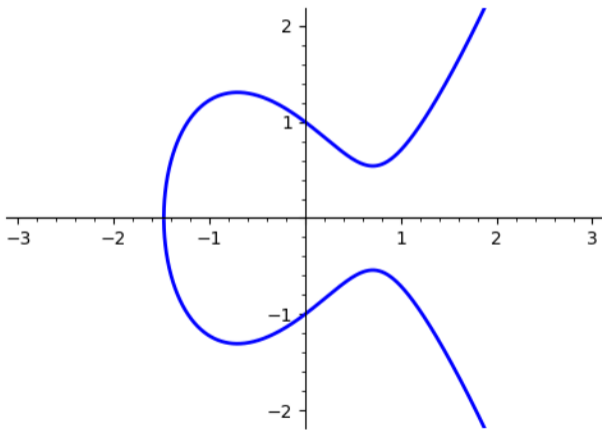


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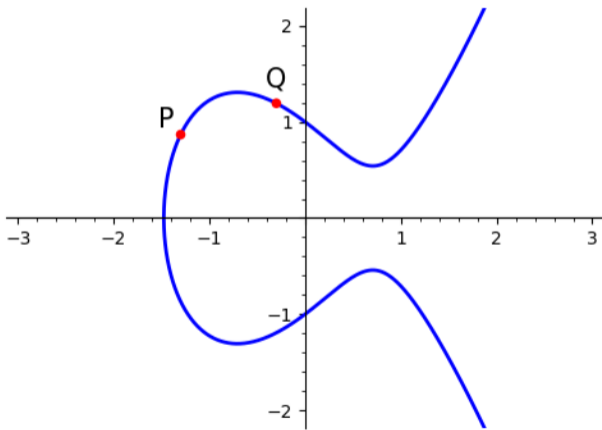


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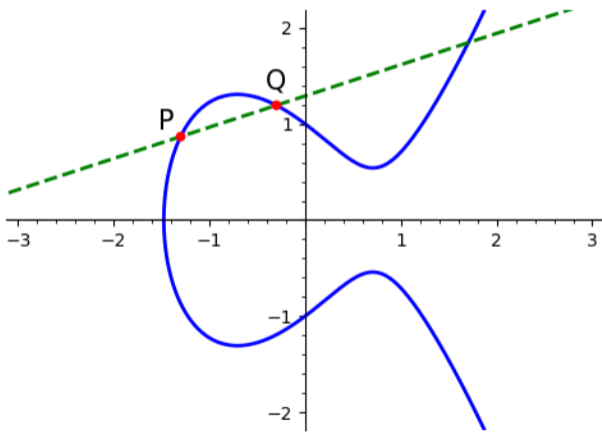


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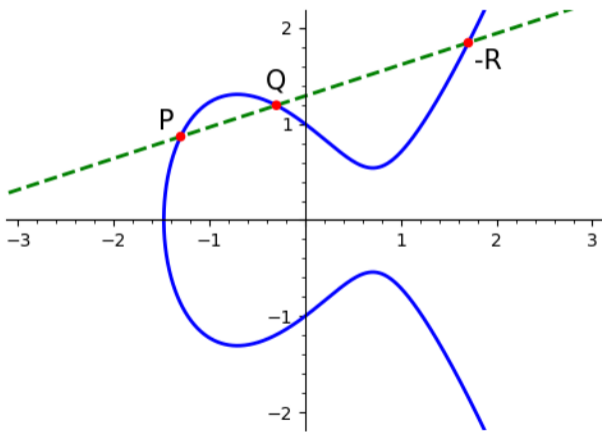


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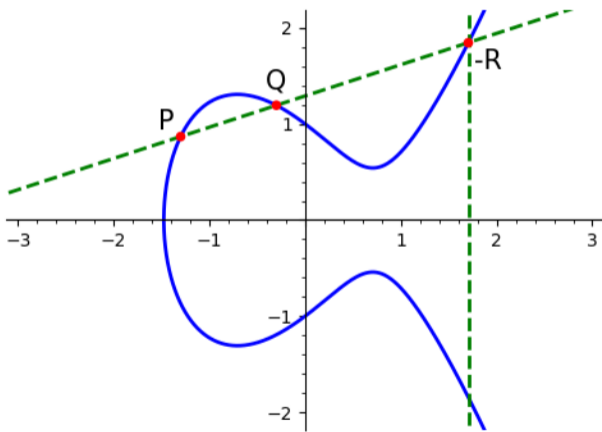


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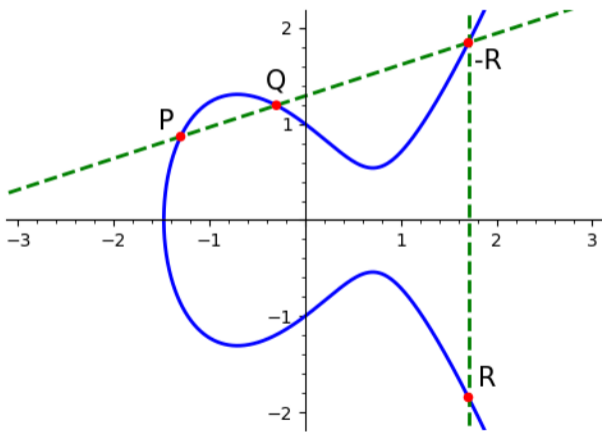


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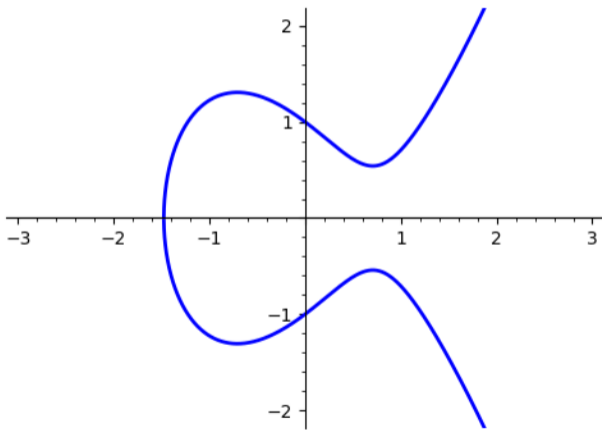


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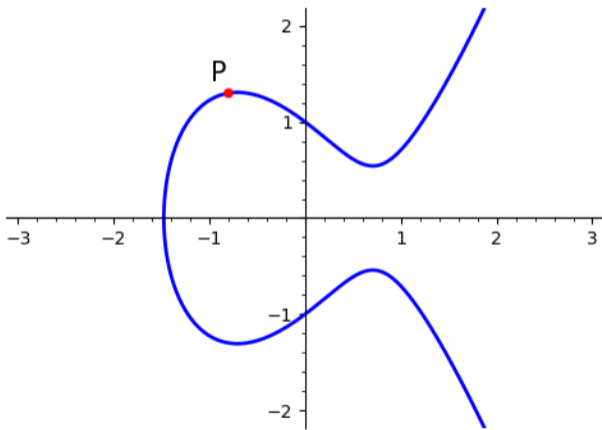


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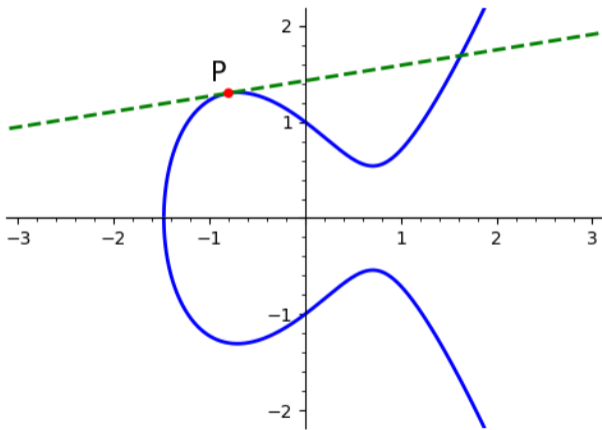


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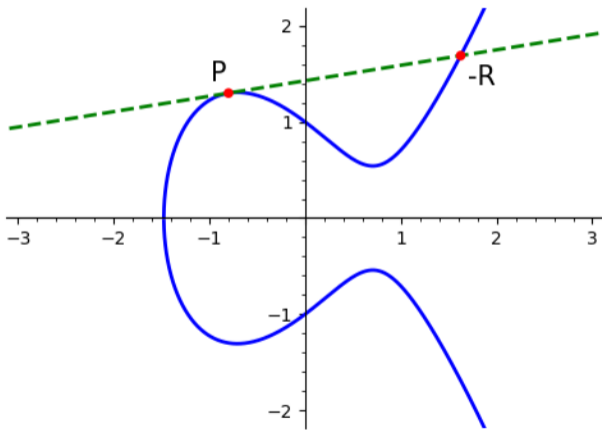


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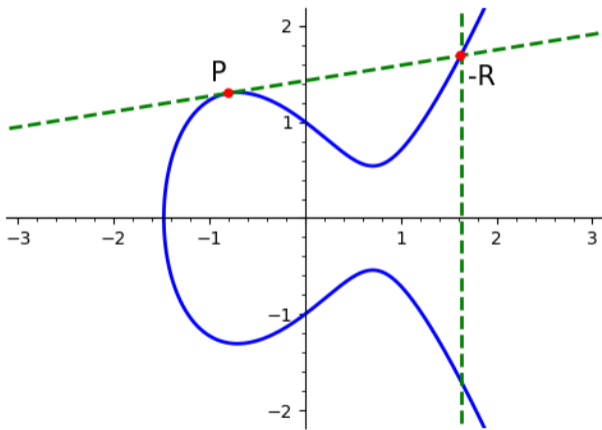


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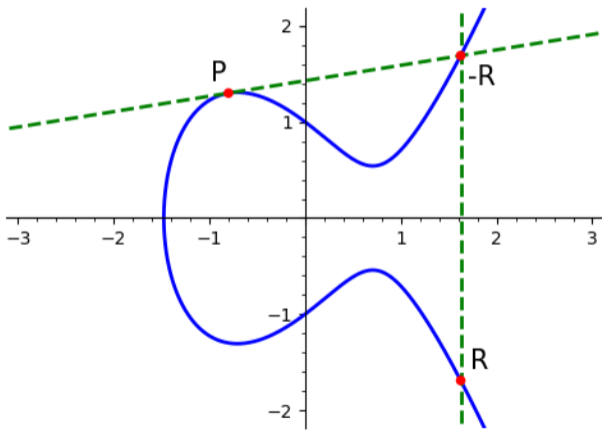


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André Weil

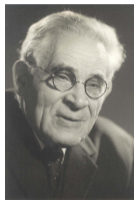
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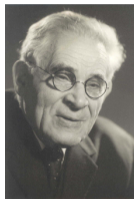
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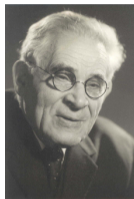
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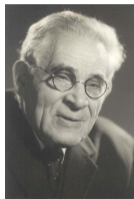
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- Does there exist an (unconditional) algorithm which can compute the rank  $r$  for any elliptic curve  $E/\mathbb{Q}$ ?



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- $(x, y) = [n](1, 2) + [m](1, 3)$  for some  $n, m \in \mathbb{Z}$ .  $(r = 2)$

## Genus $\geq 2$ curves

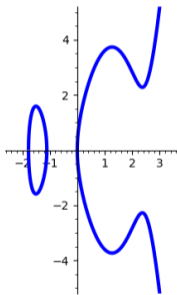
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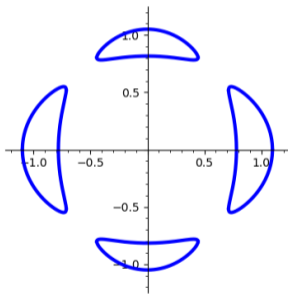
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Genus 2 hyperelliptic



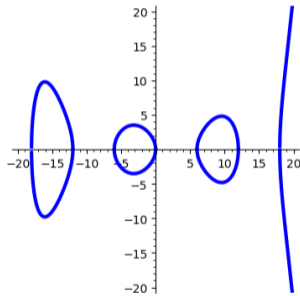
$$y^2 = x^5 - 2x^4 - 6x^3 + 8x^2 + 12x$$

Genus 3 plane quartic



$$144(x^4 + y^4) - 225(x^2 + y^2) + 350x^2y^2 + 81 = 0$$

Genus 3 hyperelliptic



$$y^2 = x^7 - 14x^5 + 49x^3 - 36x$$

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Find all  $x, y \in \mathbb{Q}$  such that  $y^2 = x^6 + x^2 + 1$ .

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### Example (Modular curve $X_{sp}^+(13)$ ; the “cursed curve”)

Find all  $x, y \in \mathbb{Q}$  such that  $-x^3y + 2x^2y^2 - xy^3 - x^3 + x^2y + xy^2 - 2xy + 2y^2 + x - 3y = 0$ .

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Find all  $x, y \in \mathbb{Q}$  such that  $-x^3y + 2x^2y^2 - xy^3 - x^3 + x^2y + xy^2 - 2xy + 2y^2 + x - 3y = 0$ .

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(Balakrishnan–Dogra–Müller–Tuitman–Vonk 2019)

## Genus $\geq 2$ curves

### Example (Diophantus)

Find all  $x, y \in \mathbb{Q}$  such that  $y^2 = x^6 + x^2 + 1$ .

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- Known points:  $(0, \pm 8)$ . Are there any others??

# Mordell and Shafarevich

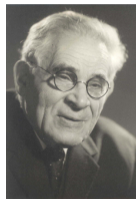
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# Mordell and Shafarevich

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## Conjecture (Mordell 1922)

*Any smooth curve  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  of genus at least 2 has only finitely many rational points.*



Louis J. Mordell

# Mordell and Shafarevich

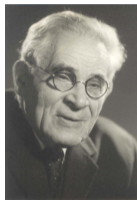
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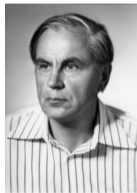
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## Conjecture (Shafarevich 1962)

*Let  $K$  be a number field,  $S$  a finite set of primes of  $K$ , and  $g \geq 2$  a positive integer. Then there are only finitely many smooth genus  $g$  curves  $C/K$  with good reduction outside  $S$ .*



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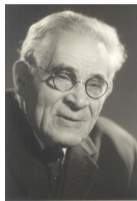
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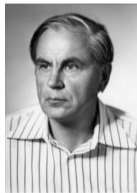
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## Conjecture (Shafarevich 1962)

*Let  $K$  be a number field,  $S$  a finite set of primes of  $K$ , and  $d \geq 1$  a positive integer. Then there are only finitely many (p.p.) dimension  $d$  abelian varieties  $A/K$  with good reduction outside  $S$ .*



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Igor R. Shafarevich

# Faltings's theorem

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Theorem (Torelli 1914-15)

*Shafarevich conjecture for abelian varieties implies Shafarevich conjecture for curves.*

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*Shafarevich conjecture for curves implies the Mordell conjecture*



Aleksei N. Parshin

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## Theorem (Torelli 1914-15)

*Shafarevich conjecture for abelian varieties implies Shafarevich conjecture for curves.*

## Theorem (Parshin 1968)

*Shafarevich conjecture for curves implies the Mordell conjecture*

Finally, in 1983, Faltings proved the Shafarevich conjecture, thus proving the Mordell conjecture!

## Theorem (Faltings 1983)

*Any smooth curve  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  of genus at least 2 has only finitely many rational points.*



Aleksei N. Parshin



Gerd Faltings



# Faltings's theorem

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Faltings after proving the Mordell conjecture

# Faltings's theorem

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Figure: Leslie Valiant (Nevalinna Prize), Michael Freedman, Gerd Faltings, Simon Donaldson (Fields Medalists), 1986, Berkeley ICM.

# Faltings's theorem

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Knowing that any smooth curve  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  of genus at least 2 has only finitely many rational points



Not knowing how to actually find all the rational points



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# Effective Mordell

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## Problem (Effective Mordell)

Given a smooth curve  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  of genus at least 2, compute  $C(\mathbb{Q})$ .

In practice, there are many approaches one could try:

- Local methods
- Quotients
- Descent
- Mordell-Weil sieve
- Chabauty-Coleman (see also Kim's non-abelian Chabauty, quadratic Chabauty)

# Effective Shafarevich

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There exists an algorithm which can explicitly compute all smooth genus  $g$  curves  $C/K$  with good reduction outside  $S$ , for any number field  $K$ , integer  $g \geq 2$ , and finite set of primes  $S$  of  $K$ .

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## Conjecture (Effective Shafarevich for abelian varieties)

There exists an algorithm which can explicitly compute all dimension  $d$  abelian varieties  $A/K$  with good reduction outside  $S$ , for any number field  $K$ , positive integer  $d$ , and finite set of primes  $S$  of  $K$ .

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- $S = \emptyset$  for  $K = \mathbb{Q}$  (Abrashkin 1976-77, Fontaine 1985), for small quadratic and cyclotomic fields  $K$  (Fontaine 1985, Abrashkin 1987, Schoof 2001–2019, Dembélé 2019).



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- semistable abelian varieties over  $\mathbb{Q}$ , where  $S = \{2\}, \{3\}, \{5\}, \{3, 5\}, \{7\}, \{11\}, \{13\}, \{23\}$  (Brumer–Kramer 2001, Calegari 2004, Schoof 2005-12).

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Even the case  $d = 2$ ,  $K = \mathbb{Q}$ ,  $S = \{2\}$  is still an open problem!

# Elliptic Curves Summary

- $E(S)$  denotes the set of elliptic curves  $E/\mathbb{Q}$  with good reduction outside  $S$ .

Set $S$	$ E(S) $	Authors	Year
$\emptyset$	0	Tate (proof published by Ogg)	1965
$\{2\}$	24	Ogg	1965
$\{2, 3\}$	752	Coghlan, Stephens	1967, 1965
$\{11\}$	12	Agrawal–Coates–Hunt–Van der Poorten	1980
$\{2, p\}, p \in \{5, \dots, 23\}$	280, 288, ...	Cremona–Lingham	2007
$\{2, 3, 23\}$	5520	Koutsianas	2015
$\{2, 3, 5, 7, 11\}$	592 192	von Känel–Matschke	2016
$\{2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13\}$	4 576 128	Best–Matschke	2020
$\{2, 3, 5, 7, \dots, 23\}$	1 390 818 304*	Matschke	2021

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Cases 2 and 3 can easily be done. Case 1 is hard!

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- $C : y^2 = x^5 + 28x^4 - 868x^3 - 6160x^2 + 43076x - 149072$  has bad reduction at  $\{2, 3, 11\}$ .



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## Can we actually find all such curves?

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# Genus 2 curves

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## Easier Problem

Fix a small set of primes  $S$ . Find all genus 2 curves  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  with good reduction outside  $S$  and whose Jacobian  $J$  has good reduction away from 2.

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- Use Siegel's identity: 
$$\frac{(\alpha_i - \alpha_j)(\alpha_k - \alpha_\ell)}{(\alpha_i - \alpha_k)(\alpha_j - \alpha_\ell)} + \frac{(\alpha_i - \alpha_\ell)(\alpha_j - \alpha_k)}{(\alpha_i - \alpha_k)(\alpha_j - \alpha_\ell)} = 1$$

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- Compute all possible 2-torsion fields  $\mathbb{Q}(J[2])$ .
- Solve the  $T$ -unit equations  $x + y = 1$  for  $x, y \in \mathcal{O}_T^\times$  over  $\mathbb{Q}(J[2])$  where  $T$  is the primes in  $\mathbb{Q}(J[2])$  lying above  $S$ .

## Further optimisations

---

Let  $\psi_1, \psi_2, \dots, \psi_t$  be a set of  $T$ -unit generators over  $\mathbb{Q}(J[2])$ . Let  $a_{k,i,j} \in \mathbb{Z}$  be given by

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**Constraints on  $a_{k,i,j}$ :**

- Galois constraints: For all  $\sigma \in \text{Gal}(\mathbb{Q}(J[2])/\mathbb{Q})$ ,  $a_{f_\sigma(k), g_\sigma(i), g_\sigma(j)} = a_{k,i,j}$ .
- Cluster pictures (using that  $J$  has good reduction at odd primes).
- Solving simple  $T$ -unit equations (i.e.  $\tau + \sigma(\tau) = 1$  for some  $\sigma \in \text{Gal}(\mathbb{Q}(J[2])/\mathbb{Q})$ ).

# Further optimisations

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Let  $\psi_1, \psi_2, \dots, \psi_t$  be a set of  $T$ -unit generators over  $\mathbb{Q}(J[2])$ . Let  $a_{k,i,j} \in \mathbb{Z}$  be given by

$$\alpha_i - \alpha_j = \psi_1^{a_{1,i,j}} \psi_2^{a_{2,i,j}} \dots \psi_t^{a_{t,i,j}}$$

**Constraints on  $a_{k,i,j}$ :**

- Galois constraints: For all  $\sigma \in \text{Gal}(\mathbb{Q}(J[2])/\mathbb{Q})$ ,  $a_{f_\sigma(k), g_\sigma(i), g_\sigma(j)} = a_{k,i,j}$ .
- Cluster pictures (using that  $J$  has good reduction at odd primes).
- Solving simple  $T$ -unit equations (i.e.  $\tau + \sigma(\tau) = 1$  for some  $\sigma \in \text{Gal}(\mathbb{Q}(J[2])/\mathbb{Q})$ ).

**Solving the linear system:**

- Brute force
- Closest vector problem
- Integer programming

# List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

Using these methods, we tabulate the 512 known genus 2 curves  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  whose Jacobian has good reduction away from 2:

Label	Simplified Weierstrass model $y^2 = f(x)$	$\Delta_{\min}$	$N$	Rank
1	$(x-1)(x+1)(x^2-2x-1)(x^2+1)$	$-2^9$	$2^8$	0
2	$-(x-1)x(x+1)(x^2-2)$	$2^{15}$	$2^{13}$	0
3	$-x(x^2+1)(x^2+2)$	$2^{15}$	$2^{14}$	0
4	$(x-2)(x+2)(x^4-4x^2-4)$	$-2^{16}$	$2^{12}$	1
5	$(x^2+4)(x^4+4x^2-4)$	$2^{16}$	$2^{12}$	0
6	$(x-1)x(x+1)(x^2+1)$	$-2^{16}$	$2^{12}$	0
7	$x(x^4+1)$	$2^{16}$	$2^{16}$	1

# List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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8	$-(x-1)x(x+1)(x^2-2x-1)$	$2^{17}$	$2^{13}$	0
9	$x(x+4)(x^4-12x^2+16x-4)$	$2^{17}$	$2^{13}$	0
10	$-x(x^4+4x^3+4x^2+1)$	$2^{17}$	$2^{17}$	0
11	$x(x^4+4x^3+4x^2+1)$	$2^{17}$	$2^{17}$	0
12	$-(x+1)(x^4+1)$	$2^{18}$	$2^{17}$	0
13	$-(x-1)(x^4+1)$	$2^{18}$	$2^{17}$	2
14	$x(x^4+2x^2-1)$	$-2^{18}$	$2^{18}$	1
15	$(x-2)(x+2)(x^4-4x^2+8)$	$2^{19}$	$2^{12}$	0
16	$(x^2+4)(x^4+4x^2+8)$	$-2^{19}$	$2^{12}$	0
17	$x(x^2-2x-1)(x^2+1)$	$-2^{19}$	$2^{12}$	0



## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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18	$(x-1)(x+1)(x^4-2x^2+2)$	$2^{19}$	$2^{13}$	1
19	$(x^2+1)(x^4+2x^2+2)$	$-2^{19}$	$2^{13}$	1
20	$-(x^2+1)(x^4+2x^2+2)$	$-2^{19}$	$2^{13}$	0
21	$-(x-1)(x+1)(x^4-2x^2+2)$	$2^{19}$	$2^{13}$	0
22	$-x(x^4+2x^2+2)$	$2^{19}$	$2^{18}$	1
23	$-x(x^4-2x^2+2)$	$2^{19}$	$2^{18}$	1
24	$x(x^4+4x^3+10x^2+8x+2)$	$2^{19}$	$2^{18}$	1
25	$-x(x^4+4x^3+10x^2+8x+2)$	$2^{19}$	$2^{18}$	1
26	$(x+1)(x^4-2)$	$-2^{19}$	$2^{19}$	0
27	$(x-1)(x^4-2)$	$-2^{19}$	$2^{19}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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28	$x(x^4 + 4x^3 + 2x^2 - 4x - 1)$	$2^{19}$	$2^{19}$	0
29	$-x(x^4 + 4x^3 + 2x^2 - 4x - 1)$	$2^{19}$	$2^{19}$	1
30	$-(x - 1)(x^4 + 2x^2 - 1)$	$-2^{20}$	$2^{19}$	1
31	$(x - 1)(x^4 + 2x^2 - 1)$	$-2^{20}$	$2^{19}$	2
32	$(x - 1)(x^4 - 2x^2 - 1)$	$-2^{20}$	$2^{19}$	2
33	$-(x - 1)(x^4 - 2x^2 - 1)$	$-2^{20}$	$2^{19}$	0
34	$-(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 2x^2 - 1)$	$-2^{21}$	$2^{12}$	0
35	$(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 2x^2 - 1)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{12}$	0
36	$-(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 2x^2 - 1)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{12}$	0
37	$(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 2x^2 - 1)$	$-2^{21}$	$2^{12}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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38	$(x^2 + 6x + 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x + 1)$	$-2^{21}$	$2^{13}$	1
39	$-(3x^2 - 2x + 3)(x^4 + 4x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x + 1)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{13}$	1
40	$(x^2 + 4)(x^4 - 8)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{15}$	2
41	$(x - 2)(x + 2)(x^4 - 8x^2 + 8)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{15}$	1
42	$(x^2 + 4)(x^4 + 8x^2 + 8)$	$-2^{21}$	$2^{15}$	1
43	$(x - 2)(x + 2)(x^4 - 8)$	$-2^{21}$	$2^{15}$	1
44	$(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 2)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{15}$	1
45	$-(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 4x^2 + 2)$	$-2^{21}$	$2^{15}$	1
46	$(x - 1)(x + 1)(x^4 - 4x^2 + 2)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{15}$	1
47	$-(x - 1)(x + 1)(x^4 - 2)$	$-2^{21}$	$2^{15}$	0

# List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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48	$(x-1)(x+1)(x^4-2)$	$-2^{21}$	$2^{15}$	1
49	$(x^2+1)(x^4+4x^2+2)$	$-2^{21}$	$2^{15}$	1
50	$-(x-1)(x+1)(x^4-4x^2+2)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{15}$	1
51	$-(x^2+1)(x^4-2)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{15}$	0
52	$-x(x^4+2)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{20}$	1
53	$x(x^4-2)$	$-2^{21}$	$2^{20}$	1
54	$-x(x^4+4x^2+2)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{20}$	0
55	$-x(x^4-4x^2+2)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{20}$	2
56	$(x-1)(2x^4-1)$	$-2^{21}$	$2^{20}$	1
57	$-(x+1)(x^4-4x^3+2x^2+4x-1)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{20}$	1

# List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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58	$x(2x^4 + 8x^3 + 8x^2 - 1)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{20}$	1
59	$-(x + 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x - 1)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{20}$	2
60	$-(x - 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 - 2x^2 - 4x - 1)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{20}$	1
61	$(x + 1)(2x^4 - 1)$	$-2^{21}$	$2^{20}$	0
62	$-(x - 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 + 2x^2 - 4x - 1)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{20}$	1
63	$-x(2x^4 + 8x^3 + 8x^2 - 1)$	$2^{21}$	$2^{20}$	2
64	$-(x^2 + 2)(2x^4 + 4x^2 + 1)$	$-2^{22}$	$2^{13}$	1
65	$(x^2 - 2)(2x^4 - 4x^2 + 1)$	$2^{22}$	$2^{13}$	1
66	$-(x^2 - 2)(2x^4 - 4x^2 + 1)$	$2^{22}$	$2^{13}$	0
67	$(x^2 + 2)(2x^4 + 4x^2 + 1)$	$-2^{22}$	$2^{13}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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68	$(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 1)$	$-2^{22}$	$2^{14}$	2
69	$-x(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^2 + 2x - 1)$	$2^{22}$	$2^{14}$	1
70	$(x - 1)(x + 1)(x^4 + 1)$	$2^{22}$	$2^{14}$	1
71	$-x(x^4 + 6x^2 + 1)$	$2^{22}$	$2^{14}$	0
72	$-(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 1)$	$-2^{22}$	$2^{14}$	0
73	$(x^2 + 8)(x^4 + 8x^2 + 8)$	$-2^{22}$	$2^{14}$	1
74	$(x^2 - 8)(x^4 - 8x^2 + 8)$	$2^{22}$	$2^{14}$	0
75	$(x + 1)(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^2 + 1)$	$-2^{23}$	$2^{15}$	0
76	$x(x^2 - 2x + 2)(x^2 + 2)$	$2^{23}$	$2^{15}$	0
77	$(x - 1)(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 2x - 1)$	$-2^{23}$	$2^{15}$	1

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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78	$-x(x^2 - 2x + 2)(x^2 + 2)$	$2^{23}$	$2^{15}$	0
79	$-(x - 1)(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^2 + 1)$	$-2^{23}$	$2^{15}$	0
80	$-(x + 1)(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 2x - 1)$	$-2^{23}$	$2^{15}$	1
81	$-(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 2x^2 + 2)$	$2^{24}$	$2^{12}$	1
82	$(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 2x^2 + 2)$	$-2^{24}$	$2^{12}$	1
83	$-(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 2x^2 + 2)$	$-2^{24}$	$2^{12}$	0
84	$(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 2x^2 + 2)$	$2^{24}$	$2^{12}$	0
85	$-(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 2x^2 - 1)$	$2^{24}$	$2^{16}$	2
86	$(x - 1)(x + 1)(x^4 + 2x^2 - 1)$	$-2^{24}$	$2^{16}$	2
87	$x(x^4 - 4x^3 - 2x^2 - 4x + 1)$	$-2^{24}$	$2^{16}$	1

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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88	$-(x-1)(x+1)(x^4+2x^2-1)$	$-2^{24}$	$2^{16}$	1
89	$(x^2+1)(x^4-2x^2-1)$	$2^{24}$	$2^{16}$	1
90	$x(x^4+4x^3-2x^2+4x+1)$	$-2^{24}$	$2^{16}$	0
91	$-(x-1)(x^4+4x^2-4)$	$-2^{24}$	$2^{16}$	0
92	$(x-1)(x^4+4x^2-4)$	$-2^{24}$	$2^{16}$	1
93	$x(x^4-8x^3+18x^2+8x+1)$	$2^{25}$	$2^{13}$	0
94	$-2x(x^2+1)(x^2+2)$	$2^{25}$	$2^{13}$	0
95	$-2(x-1)x(x+1)(x^2-2)$	$2^{25}$	$2^{14}$	0
96	$x(x^4-4x^3-6x^2+4x+1)$	$2^{25}$	$2^{17}$	1
97	$-x(x^4-4x^3+10x^2+4x+1)$	$2^{25}$	$2^{17}$	0



## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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98	$-x(x^4 + 4x^3 - 2x^2 - 12x + 1)$	$2^{25}$	$2^{17}$	0
99	$x(x^4 + 4x^3 - 2x^2 - 12x + 1)$	$2^{25}$	$2^{17}$	0
100	$-x(x+2)(x^4 - 4x^2 + 2)$	$2^{25}$	$2^{17}$	0
101	$-(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x + 3)$	$-2^{25}$	$2^{17}$	0
102	$x(x+2)(x^4 - 4x^2 + 2)$	$2^{25}$	$2^{17}$	2
103	$(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x + 3)$	$-2^{25}$	$2^{17}$	2
104	$(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 4x^2 - 4)$	$2^{26}$	$2^{12}$	1
105	$-(x-1)(x+1)(x^4 + 4x^2 - 4)$	$-2^{26}$	$2^{12}$	0
106	$-x(x^2 - 2x + 2)(x^2 + 2x + 2)$	$2^{26}$	$2^{14}$	0
107	$(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 2)$	$-2^{26}$	$2^{15}$	2

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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108	$(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 4x^2 + 2)$	$2^{26}$	$2^{15}$	2
109	$(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 4x^2 + 2)$	$-2^{26}$	$2^{15}$	2
110	$(x^2 + 2)(x^4 - 2)$	$2^{26}$	$2^{15}$	1
111	$-(x^2 + 2)(x^4 - 2)$	$2^{26}$	$2^{15}$	1
112	$-(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 4x^2 + 2)$	$-2^{26}$	$2^{15}$	1
113	$-(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 4x^2 + 2)$	$2^{26}$	$2^{15}$	1
114	$-(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 2)$	$-2^{26}$	$2^{15}$	0
115	$-2x(x^4 + 1)$	$2^{26}$	$2^{16}$	1
116	$x(x^2 - 2)(x^2 + 2)$	$-2^{26}$	$2^{16}$	0
117	$(x - 1)(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^2 + 2x - 1)$	$2^{26}$	$2^{16}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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118	$-(x-1)(x^2-2x-1)(x^2+2x-1)$	$2^{26}$	$2^{16}$	1
119	$(x-1)(x+1)(x^4-8x^2+8)$	$2^{27}$	$2^{13}$	1
120	$(x^2+1)(x^4+8x^2+8)$	$-2^{27}$	$2^{13}$	1
121	$-(x^2+1)(x^4+8x^2+8)$	$-2^{27}$	$2^{13}$	0
122	$-(x-1)(x+1)(x^4-8x^2+8)$	$2^{27}$	$2^{13}$	0
123	$-(2x-3)(x^4+4x^3-6x^2-4x+1)$	$2^{27}$	$2^{13}$	0
124	$-(x^2+4)(x^4+4x^2+2)$	$-2^{27}$	$2^{14}$	1
125	$(x-2)(x+2)(x^4-4x^2+2)$	$2^{27}$	$2^{14}$	1
126	$(x^2+4)(x^4+4x^2+2)$	$-2^{27}$	$2^{14}$	0
127	$-(x-2)(x+2)(x^4-4x^2+2)$	$2^{27}$	$2^{14}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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128	$2x(x^4 + 4x^3 + 4x^2 + 1)$	$2^{27}$	$2^{17}$	0
129	$-2x(x^4 + 4x^3 + 4x^2 + 1)$	$2^{27}$	$2^{17}$	2
130	$x(x^2 - 4x + 2)(x^2 + 2)$	$-2^{28}$	$2^{16}$	1
131	$-x(x^2 - 4x + 2)(x^2 + 2)$	$-2^{28}$	$2^{16}$	0
132	$-2(x - 1)(x^4 + 1)$	$2^{28}$	$2^{17}$	0
133	$2(x - 1)(x^4 + 1)$	$2^{28}$	$2^{17}$	0
134	$-x(x^4 + 4x^2 - 4)$	$-2^{28}$	$2^{18}$	2
135	$-x(x^4 - 4x^2 - 4)$	$-2^{28}$	$2^{18}$	0
136	$2x(x^4 + 2x^2 - 1)$	$-2^{28}$	$2^{18}$	1
137	$(x - 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 + 2x^2 - 4x - 7)$	$-2^{28}$	$2^{18}$	1

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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138	$-(x-1)(x^4 + 4x^3 + 2x^2 - 4x - 7)$	$-2^{28}$	$2^{18}$	1
139	$x(x+1)(x^4 + 4x^2 - 4)$	$-2^{28}$	$2^{18}$	1
140	$-(x-1)x(x^4 + 4x^2 - 4)$	$-2^{28}$	$2^{18}$	1
141	$-2(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 2x^2 + 2)$	$-2^{29}$	$2^{12}$	0
142	$2(x-1)(x+1)(x^4 - 2x^2 + 2)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{12}$	0
143	$2x(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 2x - 1)$	$-2^{29}$	$2^{14}$	0
144	$2x(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^2 + 1)$	$-2^{29}$	$2^{14}$	0
145	$(x-1)(x^4 + 8x^3 + 4x^2 - 16x + 4)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{15}$	0
146	$-(x-1)(x^4 + 8x^3 + 4x^2 - 16x + 4)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{15}$	1
147	$-x(x^4 + 4x^3 + 4x^2 - 8x + 4)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{17}$	1

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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148	$x(x^4 + 4x^3 + 4x^2 - 8x + 4)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{17}$	1
149	$-x(x^4 - 4x^3 + 12x^2 - 8x + 4)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{17}$	0
150	$x(x^4 - 4x^3 + 12x^2 - 8x + 4)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{17}$	0
151	$-2x(x^4 - 2x^2 + 2)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{18}$	1
152	$-2x(x^4 + 2x^2 + 2)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{18}$	1
153	$2x(x^4 + 4x^3 + 10x^2 + 8x + 2)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{18}$	1
154	$-2x(x^4 + 4x^3 + 10x^2 + 8x + 2)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{18}$	1
155	$-2x(x^4 + 4x^3 + 2x^2 - 4x - 1)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{19}$	1
156	$2x(x^4 + 4x^3 + 2x^2 - 4x - 1)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{19}$	2
157	$-2(x + 1)(x^4 - 2)$	$-2^{29}$	$2^{19}$	2

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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158	$2(x+1)(x^4-2)$	$-2^{29}$	$2^{19}$	0
159	$-(x+4)(x^4-12x^2+16x-4)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{19}$	1
160	$-(x+1)(x^4-4x^3-6x^2+4x+1)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{19}$	0
161	$-(x+2)(4x^4-12x^2+8x-1)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{19}$	1
162	$(x+2)(4x^4-12x^2+8x-1)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{19}$	0
163	$-(x-1)(x^4+4x^3-6x^2-4x+1)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{19}$	1
164	$(x+4)(x^4-12x^2+16x-4)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{19}$	0
165	$(x+1)(x^4+4x^3-6x^2-4x+1)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{19}$	2
166	$-(x+1)(x^4+4x^3-6x^2-4x+1)$	$2^{29}$	$2^{19}$	1
167	$-2(x-1)(x^4-2x^2-1)$	$-2^{30}$	$2^{19}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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168	$2(x-1)(x^4-2x^2-1)$	$-2^{30}$	$2^{19}$	0
169	$2(x-1)(x^4+2x^2-1)$	$-2^{30}$	$2^{19}$	0
170	$-2(x-1)(x^4+2x^2-1)$	$-2^{30}$	$2^{19}$	1
171	$-2(x^2-2)(x^4-2x^2-1)$	$-2^{31}$	$2^{13}$	0
172	$2(x^2+2)(x^4+2x^2-1)$	$2^{31}$	$2^{13}$	0
173	$-2(x-1)(x+1)(x^4-2)$	$-2^{31}$	$2^{15}$	1
174	$-2(x^2+1)(x^4+4x^2+2)$	$-2^{31}$	$2^{15}$	0
175	$2(x-1)(x+1)(x^4-4x^2+2)$	$2^{31}$	$2^{15}$	0
176	$2(x^2+1)(x^4-2)$	$2^{31}$	$2^{15}$	0
177	$-2x(x^4+2)$	$2^{31}$	$2^{20}$	1



# List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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178	$2x(x^4 - 2)$	$-2^{31}$	$2^{20}$	1
179	$-2x(x^4 - 4x^2 + 2)$	$2^{31}$	$2^{20}$	0
180	$-2x(x^4 + 4x^2 + 2)$	$2^{31}$	$2^{20}$	2
181	$2x(2x^4 + 8x^3 + 8x^2 - 1)$	$2^{31}$	$2^{20}$	1
182	$-2(x + 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 1)$	$2^{31}$	$2^{20}$	1
183	$-2(x + 1)(2x^4 - 1)$	$-2^{31}$	$2^{20}$	1
184	$-2x(2x^4 + 8x^3 + 8x^2 - 1)$	$2^{31}$	$2^{20}$	0
185	$2(x + 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 1)$	$2^{31}$	$2^{20}$	1
186	$2(x + 1)(2x^4 - 1)$	$-2^{31}$	$2^{20}$	2
187	$-2(x + 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x - 1)$	$2^{31}$	$2^{20}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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188	$2(x+1)(x^4 - 4x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x - 1)$	$2^{31}$	$2^{20}$	1
189	$-2(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 1)$	$-2^{32}$	$2^{14}$	0
190	$-2x(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^2 + 2x - 1)$	$2^{32}$	$2^{14}$	0
191	$2(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 1)$	$-2^{32}$	$2^{14}$	0
192	$-2(x^2 - 2)(2x^4 - 4x^2 + 1)$	$2^{32}$	$2^{14}$	1
193	$-2(x^2 + 2)(2x^4 + 4x^2 + 1)$	$-2^{32}$	$2^{14}$	0
194	$-x(x^4 - 8x^3 + 12x^2 - 16x + 4)$	$-2^{32}$	$2^{15}$	0
195	$x(x^4 - 8x^3 + 12x^2 - 16x + 4)$	$-2^{32}$	$2^{15}$	0
196	$-x(x^2 - 4x + 2)(x^2 + 4x + 2)$	$2^{32}$	$2^{16}$	0
197	$-x(x^4 + 12x^2 + 4)$	$2^{32}$	$2^{16}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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198	$x(x^4 + 8x^3 + 4x^2 - 16x + 4)$	$2^{33}$	$2^{17}$	1
199	$-x(x^4 + 8x^3 + 4x^2 - 16x + 4)$	$2^{33}$	$2^{17}$	0
200	$-x(x^4 - 8x^3 + 28x^2 - 16x + 4)$	$2^{33}$	$2^{17}$	0
201	$x(x^4 - 8x^3 + 28x^2 - 16x + 4)$	$2^{33}$	$2^{17}$	1
202	$(x - 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 - 14x^2 + 4x + 17)$	$2^{33}$	$2^{17}$	1
203	$x(4x^4 - 20x^2 - 16x + 1)$	$2^{33}$	$2^{17}$	0
204	$-(x - 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 - 14x^2 + 4x + 17)$	$2^{33}$	$2^{17}$	0
205	$x(4x^4 - 20x^2 + 16x + 1)$	$2^{33}$	$2^{17}$	1
206	$-2(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 2x^2 + 2)$	$-2^{34}$	$2^{13}$	0
207	$2(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 2x^2 + 2)$	$2^{34}$	$2^{13}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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208	$-2(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 2x^2 + 2)$	$2^{34}$	$2^{13}$	0
209	$2(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 2x^2 + 2)$	$-2^{34}$	$2^{13}$	0
210	$2(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 2x^2 - 1)$	$2^{34}$	$2^{16}$	1
211	$-2(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 2x^2 - 1)$	$2^{34}$	$2^{16}$	0
212	$2(x - 1)(x^4 + 4x^2 - 4)$	$-2^{34}$	$2^{16}$	0
213	$-2(x - 1)(x^4 + 4x^2 - 4)$	$-2^{34}$	$2^{16}$	1
214	$2x(x^4 - 8x^3 + 18x^2 + 8x + 1)$	$2^{35}$	$2^{13}$	0
215	$-x(x^4 - 16x^3 + 60x^2 - 32x + 4)$	$2^{35}$	$2^{16}$	1
216	$x(x^4 - 16x^3 + 60x^2 - 32x + 4)$	$2^{35}$	$2^{16}$	0
217	$2x(x^4 + 4x^3 + 10x^2 - 4x + 1)$	$2^{35}$	$2^{17}$	1

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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218	$-2x(x^4 + 4x^3 - 6x^2 - 4x + 1)$	$2^{35}$	$2^{17}$	0
219	$2(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x + 3)$	$-2^{35}$	$2^{17}$	0
220	$-2(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x + 3)$	$-2^{35}$	$2^{17}$	0
221	$-2(x - 1)(x + 1)(x^4 + 4x^2 - 4)$	$-2^{36}$	$2^{13}$	0
222	$-2(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 4x^2 - 4)$	$2^{36}$	$2^{13}$	0
223	$2(x - 1)(x + 1)(x^4 + 4x^2 - 4)$	$-2^{36}$	$2^{13}$	0
224	$2(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 4x^2 - 4)$	$2^{36}$	$2^{13}$	0
225	$-2(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 2)$	$-2^{36}$	$2^{15}$	1
226	$-2(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 4x^2 + 2)$	$-2^{36}$	$2^{15}$	0
227	$-2(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 4x^2 + 2)$	$2^{36}$	$2^{15}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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228	$-2(x^2 + 2)(x^4 - 2)$	$2^{36}$	$2^{15}$	0
229	$2(x^2 + 2)(x^4 - 2)$	$2^{36}$	$2^{15}$	1
230	$2(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 4x^2 + 2)$	$-2^{36}$	$2^{15}$	0
231	$2(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 4x^2 + 2)$	$2^{36}$	$2^{15}$	0
232	$2(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 2)$	$-2^{36}$	$2^{15}$	0
233	$(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 2x - 1)$	$-2^{36}$	$2^{16}$	2
234	$-(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 2x - 1)$	$-2^{36}$	$2^{16}$	0
235	$-(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^2 + 2x + 3)$	$2^{36}$	$2^{16}$	0
236	$(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^2 + 2x + 3)$	$2^{36}$	$2^{16}$	1
237	$(x^2 - 2x + 2)(x^2 - 2)(x^2 + 2x + 2)$	$2^{37}$	$2^{14}$	1

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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238	$(x^2 - 2x + 2)(x^2 + 2)(x^2 + 2x + 2)$	$-2^{37}$	$2^{14}$	1
239	$-(x^2 - 2x + 2)(x^2 + 2)(x^2 + 2x + 2)$	$-2^{37}$	$2^{14}$	0
240	$-(x^2 - 2x + 2)(x^2 - 2)(x^2 + 2x + 2)$	$2^{37}$	$2^{14}$	0
241	$-2(2x - 3)(x^4 + 4x^3 - 6x^2 - 4x + 1)$	$2^{37}$	$2^{14}$	0
242	$2(2x - 3)(x^4 + 4x^3 - 6x^2 - 4x + 1)$	$2^{37}$	$2^{14}$	0
243	$-(x^2 - 2x + 3)(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 2x - 1)$	$2^{38}$	$2^{16}$	0
244	$(x^2 - 2x + 3)(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 2x - 1)$	$2^{38}$	$2^{16}$	1
245	$-2(x - 1)(x^4 + 8x^3 + 4x^2 - 16x + 4)$	$2^{39}$	$2^{15}$	0
246	$2(x - 1)(x^4 + 8x^3 + 4x^2 - 16x + 4)$	$2^{39}$	$2^{15}$	1
247	$-(x^2 - 2)(x^4 + 4x^2 - 4)$	$-2^{39}$	$2^{16}$	2

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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248	$(x^2 + 2)(x^4 - 4x^2 - 4)$	$2^{39}$	$2^{16}$	2
249	$(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 4x^2 - 4)$	$2^{39}$	$2^{16}$	1
250	$(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 4x^2 - 4)$	$-2^{39}$	$2^{16}$	1
251	$-(x^2 + 2)(x^4 - 4x^2 - 4)$	$2^{39}$	$2^{16}$	1
252	$(x^2 - 2)(x^4 + 4x^2 - 4)$	$-2^{39}$	$2^{16}$	1
253	$-(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 4x^2 - 4)$	$-2^{39}$	$2^{16}$	0
254	$-(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 4x^2 - 4)$	$2^{39}$	$2^{16}$	0
255	$(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 6x^2 - 8x + 5)$	$-2^{39}$	$2^{17}$	1
256	$-(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 6x^2 - 8x + 5)$	$-2^{39}$	$2^{17}$	1
257	$-(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 - 8x^3 + 18x^2 + 8x + 1)$	$2^{40}$	$2^{14}$	1



## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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258	$-(x^2 + 2x - 1)(5x^4 + 8x^3 - 6x^2 - 8x + 5)$	$2^{40}$	$2^{14}$	0
259	$-(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 - 6x^2 + 4x + 1)$	$2^{40}$	$2^{17}$	1
260	$-(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 + 10x^2 + 4x + 1)$	$2^{40}$	$2^{17}$	1
261	$(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 - 6x^2 + 4x + 1)$	$2^{40}$	$2^{17}$	1
262	$-(x^2 - 2x - 1)(3x^4 - 4x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x + 3)$	$2^{40}$	$2^{17}$	1
263	$-(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 7)$	$2^{40}$	$2^{19}$	0
264	$(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x - 7)$	$2^{40}$	$2^{19}$	1
265	$(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 + 10x^2 - 12x + 1)$	$2^{40}$	$2^{19}$	2
266	$-(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 + 10x^2 - 12x + 1)$	$2^{40}$	$2^{19}$	1
267	$-(x^2 + 1)(3x^4 + 4x^3 - 2x^2 - 4x + 3)$	$-2^{41}$	$2^{20}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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268	$-(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 + 10x^2 - 4x + 1)$	$-2^{41}$	$2^{20}$	$0^*$
269	$(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 - 6x^2 + 4x + 1)$	$-2^{41}$	$2^{20}$	2
270	$-(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 - 6x^2 - 4x + 1)$	$-2^{41}$	$2^{20}$	0
271	$(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 + 10x^2 + 4x + 1)$	$-2^{41}$	$2^{20}$	2
272	$(x^2 + 1)(3x^4 - 4x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x + 3)$	$-2^{41}$	$2^{20}$	0
273	$-(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 7)$	$2^{42}$	$2^{15}$	0
274	$(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 7)$	$2^{42}$	$2^{15}$	1
275	$-(x^2 - 2x + 3)(x^2 + 1)(3x^2 + 2x + 1)$	$-2^{42}$	$2^{16}$	0
276	$(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 2x + 3)(3x^2 - 2x + 1)$	$-2^{42}$	$2^{16}$	0
277	$-(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^2 + 2x + 3)$	$-2^{43}$	$2^{15}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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278	$(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^2 + 2x + 3)$	$-2^{43}$	$2^{15}$	1
279	$(x^2 + 1)(3x^4 + 4x^3 + 14x^2 + 12x + 11)$	$-2^{43}$	$2^{17}$	1
280	$-(x^2 + 1)(3x^4 - 4x^3 + 14x^2 - 12x + 11)$	$-2^{43}$	$2^{17}$	0
281	$(x^2 - 2)(x^4 + 4x^3 + 4x^2 - 8x + 4)$	$2^{44}$	$2^{17}$	1
282	$-(x^2 - 2)(x^4 + 4x^3 + 4x^2 - 8x + 4)$	$2^{44}$	$2^{17}$	0
283	$-(x^2 + 2)(x^4 - 4x^3 + 12x^2 - 8x + 4)$	$-2^{44}$	$2^{17}$	0
284	$(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^4 + 6x^2 - 8x + 5)$	$2^{44}$	$2^{17}$	1
285	$-(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^4 + 6x^2 - 8x + 5)$	$2^{44}$	$2^{17}$	0
286	$(x^2 + 2)(x^4 - 4x^3 + 12x^2 - 8x + 4)$	$-2^{44}$	$2^{17}$	1
287	$-(x^2 + 2)(5x^4 + 4x^3 + 4x^2 + 8x + 4)$	$-2^{44}$	$2^{17}$	1

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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288	$-(x^2 + 2x + 3)(x^4 - 2x^2 - 8x + 13)$	$-2^{44}$	$2^{17}$	0
289	$(x^2 + 2)(5x^4 + 4x^3 + 4x^2 + 8x + 4)$	$-2^{44}$	$2^{17}$	0
290	$(x^2 + 2x + 3)(x^4 - 2x^2 - 8x + 13)$	$-2^{44}$	$2^{17}$	1
291	$-(x^2 + 1)(7x^4 + 12x^3 + 30x^2 + 20x + 23)$	$-2^{45}$	$2^{16}$	0
292	$(x^2 + 1)(7x^4 - 12x^3 + 30x^2 - 20x + 23)$	$-2^{45}$	$2^{16}$	1
293	$(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 8x^3 + 18x^2 + 8x + 1)$	$-2^{45}$	$2^{18}$	2
294	$(x^2 + 1)(5x^4 - 8x^3 - 6x^2 + 8x + 5)$	$-2^{45}$	$2^{18}$	0
295	$-(x^2 + 1)(5x^4 + 8x^3 - 6x^2 - 8x + 5)$	$-2^{45}$	$2^{18}$	0
296	$-(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 8x^3 + 18x^2 - 8x + 1)$	$-2^{45}$	$2^{18}$	0*
297	$-(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 4x^3 + 4x^2 - 8x + 4)$	$-2^{46}$	$2^{18}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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298	$(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 4x^3 + 4x^2 - 8x + 4)$	$-2^{46}$	$2^{18}$	2
299	$-(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^4 + 6x^2 + 8x + 5)$	$2^{46}$	$2^{18}$	0
300	$(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 + 6x^2 - 8x + 5)$	$2^{46}$	$2^{18}$	2
301	$(x^2 + 2x + 3)(x^4 + 6x^2 - 8x + 5)$	$-2^{46}$	$2^{18}$	2
302	$(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 + 8x^3 + 22x^2 + 16x + 5)$	$2^{46}$	$2^{18}$	2
303	$(x^2 + 2x + 3)(5x^4 + 8x^3 + 6x^2 + 1)$	$-2^{46}$	$2^{18}$	1
304	$(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^4 - 2x^2 - 8x + 13)$	$2^{46}$	$2^{18}$	1
305	$-(x^2 + 2x + 3)(5x^4 + 8x^3 + 6x^2 + 1)$	$-2^{46}$	$2^{18}$	1
306	$-(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^4 - 2x^2 - 8x + 13)$	$2^{46}$	$2^{18}$	1
307	$-(x^2 - 2x + 3)(x^4 + 6x^2 + 8x + 5)$	$-2^{46}$	$2^{18}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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308	$-(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 + 8x^3 + 22x^2 + 16x + 5)$	$2^{46}$	$2^{18}$	0
309	$-(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^2 - 2x + 3)(3x^2 + 2x + 1)$	$2^{47}$	$2^{13}$	0
310	$(x^2 - 4x + 2)(x^2 - 2)(x^2 + 4x + 2)$	$2^{47}$	$2^{14}$	1
311	$(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 12x^2 + 4)$	$-2^{47}$	$2^{14}$	1
312	$-(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 12x^2 + 4)$	$-2^{47}$	$2^{14}$	0
313	$-(x^2 - 4x + 2)(x^2 - 2)(x^2 + 4x + 2)$	$2^{47}$	$2^{14}$	0
314	$-(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 7)$	$-2^{47}$	$2^{16}$	0
315	$(x^2 + 2)(x^4 - 8x^3 + 12x^2 - 16x + 4)$	$2^{47}$	$2^{16}$	1
316	$(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 7)$	$-2^{47}$	$2^{16}$	1
317	$-(x^2 + 2)(x^4 - 8x^3 + 12x^2 - 16x + 4)$	$2^{47}$	$2^{16}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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318	$(x^2 - 2)(x^4 + 8x^3 + 4x^2 - 16x + 4)$	$2^{48}$	$2^{17}$	1
319	$-(x^2 - 2)(x^4 + 8x^3 + 4x^2 - 16x + 4)$	$2^{48}$	$2^{17}$	1
320	$(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 + 10x^2 + 20x + 9)$	$2^{48}$	$2^{17}$	1
321	$-(x^2 + 2)(3x^4 - 8x^3 + 20x^2 - 16x + 12)$	$-2^{48}$	$2^{17}$	0
322	$(x^2 + 2)(3x^4 + 8x^3 + 20x^2 + 16x + 12)$	$-2^{48}$	$2^{17}$	0
323	$-(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 + 10x^2 + 20x + 9)$	$2^{48}$	$2^{17}$	1
324	$-(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 - 12x^3 + 18x^2 + 44x + 17)$	$2^{50}$	$2^{15}$	0
325	$(x^2 + 2)(7x^4 - 16x^3 + 36x^2 - 32x + 28)$	$-2^{50}$	$2^{15}$	0
326	$(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 - 12x^3 + 18x^2 + 44x + 17)$	$2^{50}$	$2^{15}$	1
327	$-(x^2 + 2)(7x^4 + 16x^3 + 36x^2 + 32x + 28)$	$-2^{50}$	$2^{15}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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328	$(x^2 - 2)(x^4 + 12x^2 + 4)$	$2^{51}$	$2^{16}$	2
329	$-(x^2 - 4x + 2)(x^2 + 2)(x^2 + 4x + 2)$	$-2^{51}$	$2^{16}$	1
330	$(x^2 - 4x + 2)(x^2 + 2)(x^2 + 4x + 2)$	$-2^{51}$	$2^{16}$	1
331	$-(x^2 - 2)(x^4 + 12x^2 + 4)$	$2^{51}$	$2^{16}$	0
332	$(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^2 + 2x + 3)(3x^2 - 2x + 1)$	$2^{51}$	$2^{16}$	0
333	$-(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 - 6x^2 - 12x - 7)$	$-2^{51}$	$2^{18}$	0
334	$(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 - 6x^2 - 12x - 7)$	$-2^{51}$	$2^{18}$	2
335	$-(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 + 12x^3 + 34x^2 + 20x + 1)$	$2^{52}$	$2^{19}$	2
336	$(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 - 14x^2 - 4x + 17)$	$2^{52}$	$2^{19}$	1
337	$-(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 - 14x^2 - 4x + 17)$	$2^{52}$	$2^{19}$	0



## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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338	$(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 + 12x^3 + 34x^2 + 20x + 1)$	$2^{52}$	$2^{19}$	1
339	$(x^2 - 2x + 3)(x^4 - 4x^3 - 6x^2 - 12x - 7)$	$2^{53}$	$2^{19}$	2
340	$(x^2 - 2x + 3)(7x^4 - 12x^3 + 6x^2 - 4x - 1)$	$2^{53}$	$2^{19}$	1
341	$-(x^2 - 2x + 3)(7x^4 - 12x^3 + 6x^2 - 4x - 1)$	$2^{53}$	$2^{19}$	0
342	$-(x^2 + 2x + 3)(x^4 + 4x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 7)$	$2^{53}$	$2^{19}$	1
343	$-(x^2 - 2)(3x^4 + 8x^3 - 12x^2 - 16x + 44)$	$2^{54}$	$2^{17}$	1
344	$(x^2 - 2)(11x^4 + 8x^3 - 12x^2 - 16x + 12)$	$2^{54}$	$2^{17}$	0
345	$(x^2 - 2)(3x^4 + 8x^3 - 12x^2 - 16x + 44)$	$2^{54}$	$2^{17}$	0
346	$-(x^2 - 2)(11x^4 + 8x^3 - 12x^2 - 16x + 12)$	$2^{54}$	$2^{17}$	1
347	$(x^2 + 2)(x^4 - 8x^3 + 4x^2 + 16x + 4)$	$-2^{54}$	$2^{20}$	2

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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348	$-(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 8x^3 + 4x^2 - 16x + 4)$	$-2^{54}$	$2^{20}$	0
349	$-(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 + 10x^2 - 20x + 9)$	$2^{54}$	$2^{20}$	1
350	$-(x^2 + 2x - 1)(3x^4 + 4x^3 + 14x^2 + 12x + 11)$	$2^{54}$	$2^{20}$	1
351	$(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 + 10x^2 - 20x + 9)$	$2^{54}$	$2^{20}$	1
352	$(x^2 + 2x - 1)(3x^4 + 4x^3 + 14x^2 + 12x + 11)$	$2^{54}$	$2^{20}$	1
353	$-(3x^2 + 4x + 2)(x^4 + 12x^2 + 4)$	$-2^{57}$	$2^{17}$	1
354	$-(x^2 + 2x + 3)(x^4 - 4x^3 + 18x^2 - 28x + 17)$	$-2^{57}$	$2^{17}$	0
355	$(3x^2 + 4x + 2)(x^4 + 12x^2 + 4)$	$-2^{57}$	$2^{17}$	0
356	$(x^2 + 2x + 3)(x^4 - 4x^3 + 18x^2 - 28x + 17)$	$-2^{57}$	$2^{17}$	1
357	$(x^2 + 2)(3x^4 + 16x^3 + 12x^2 - 32x + 12)$	$-2^{60}$	$2^{20}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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358	$-(x^2 + 2)(3x^4 + 16x^3 + 12x^2 - 32x + 12)$	$-2^{60}$	$2^{20}$	0
359	$(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 + 12x^3 + 18x^2 - 44x + 17)$	$2^{60}$	$2^{20}$	1
360	$(x^2 + 2x - 1)(7x^4 + 12x^3 + 30x^2 + 20x + 23)$	$2^{60}$	$2^{20}$	1
361	$-(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 + 12x^3 + 18x^2 - 44x + 17)$	$2^{60}$	$2^{20}$	1
362	$-(x^2 + 2x - 1)(7x^4 + 12x^3 + 30x^2 + 20x + 23)$	$2^{60}$	$2^{20}$	1
363	$-(2x^2 - 1)(4x^4 - 36x^2 + 32x + 17)$	$2^{60}$	$2^{20}$	0
364	$(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 - 30x^2 + 4x + 97)$	$2^{60}$	$2^{20}$	1
365	$(2x^2 - 1)(4x^4 - 36x^2 + 32x + 17)$	$2^{60}$	$2^{20}$	1
366	$-(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 - 30x^2 + 4x + 97)$	$2^{60}$	$2^{20}$	0
367	$-(2x - 1)(x^2 - 2x + 3)(x^2 + 2)$	$2^{16}3^{12}$	$2^{10}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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368	$x(x+4)(2x-1)(x^2+2)$	$-2^{21}3^{12}$	$2^{11}$	0
369	$-x(x+4)(2x-1)(x^2+2)$	$-2^{21}3^{12}$	$2^{11}$	0
370	$(x-4)x(x^4+8x^3-8x^2+8)$	$-2^{21}3^{12}$	$2^{15}$	2
371	$-(2x+1)(x^4-4x^2-8x+2)$	$-2^{21}3^{12}$	$2^{15}$	1
372	$(2x+1)(x^4-4x^2-8x+2)$	$-2^{21}3^{12}$	$2^{15}$	0
373	$-(x-2)(2x^4+8x^3-4x^2+1)$	$-2^{21}3^{12}$	$2^{20}$	0
374	$(x-2)(2x^4+8x^3-4x^2+1)$	$-2^{21}3^{12}$	$2^{20}$	1
375	$-(x^2+2)(x^4-4x^3+2x^2-4x+7)$	$2^{22}3^{12}$	$2^{13}$	1
376	$(x^2+2)(x^4-4x^3+2x^2-4x+7)$	$2^{22}3^{12}$	$2^{13}$	1
377	$-(3x^2+4x+4)(x^4-8x^3-8x^2+8)$	$2^{22}3^{12}$	$2^{14}$	0

# List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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378	$-x(x^4 - 14x^2 + 81)$	$2^{26}3^{12}$	$2^{12}$	0
379	$-2(2x - 1)(x^2 - 2x + 3)(x^2 + 2)$	$2^{26}3^{12}$	$2^{12}$	0
380	$(x^2 + 2)(x^4 - 4x^2 - 8x + 2)$	$2^{26}3^{12}$	$2^{15}$	2
381	$-(x^2 + 2)(x^4 - 4x^2 - 8x + 2)$	$2^{26}3^{12}$	$2^{15}$	0
382	$-(2x + 1)(x^4 + 8x^3 - 8x^2 + 8)$	$-2^{27}3^{12}$	$2^{13}$	0
383	$-(2x - 1)(x^4 - 8x^3 - 8x^2 + 8)$	$-2^{27}3^{12}$	$2^{13}$	0
384	$-x(x + 4)(x^4 - 4x^2 + 8x + 2)$	$-2^{27}3^{12}$	$2^{14}$	1
385	$(x - 4)x(x^4 - 4x^2 - 8x + 2)$	$-2^{27}3^{12}$	$2^{14}$	1
386	$-(x - 1)(x^4 + 40x^3 + 20x^2 + 16x + 4)$	$-2^{31}3^{12}$	$2^{14}$	1
387	$(x - 1)(x^4 + 40x^3 + 20x^2 + 16x + 4)$	$-2^{31}3^{12}$	$2^{14}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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388	$-2(2x+1)(x^4-4x^2-8x+2)$	$-2^{31}3^{12}$	$2^{15}$	0
389	$-2(x-2)(2x^4+8x^3-4x^2+1)$	$-2^{31}3^{12}$	$2^{20}$	2
390	$2(x-2)(2x^4+8x^3-4x^2+1)$	$-2^{31}3^{12}$	$2^{20}$	1
391	$-3(x^2-2)(x^2+1)(2x^2-1)$	$-2^{16}3^{22}$	$2^{10}$	0
392	$3(x^2-2)(x^2+1)(2x^2-1)$	$-2^{16}3^{22}$	$2^{10}$	0
393	$2(x^2+2)(x^4-4x^3+2x^2-4x+7)$	$2^{32}3^{12}$	$2^{14}$	0
394	$-(x+1)(4x^4-16x^3+20x^2-40x+1)$	$-2^{35}3^{12}$	$2^{16}$	0
395	$(x+1)(4x^4-16x^3+20x^2-40x+1)$	$-2^{35}3^{12}$	$2^{16}$	1
396	$-2x(x^4-14x^2+81)$	$2^{36}3^{12}$	$2^{10}$	0
397	$-2(x^2+2)(x^4-4x^2-8x+2)$	$2^{36}3^{12}$	$2^{15}$	1

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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398	$2(x^2 + 2)(x^4 - 4x^2 - 8x + 2)$	$2^{36}3^{12}$	$2^{15}$	0
399	$-x(2x^2 - 8x + 9)(2x^2 + 8x + 9)$	$2^{36}3^{12}$	$2^{16}$	1
400	$-x(4x^4 + 28x^2 + 81)$	$2^{36}3^{12}$	$2^{16}$	1
401	$3(x^2 - 2)(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 4)$	$2^{21}3^{22}$	$2^{11}$	0
402	$-3(x^2 - 2)(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 4)$	$2^{21}3^{22}$	$2^{11}$	0
403	$-3(x^2 + 4)(x^4 - 16x^2 - 8)$	$2^{21}3^{22}$	$2^{15}$	1
404	$-3(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 8x^2 - 2)$	$2^{21}3^{22}$	$2^{15}$	0
405	$3(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 8x^2 - 2)$	$2^{21}3^{22}$	$2^{15}$	1
406	$-3(x^2 - 2)(2x^4 - 8x^2 - 1)$	$-2^{22}3^{22}$	$2^{13}$	1
407	$3(x^2 - 2)(2x^4 - 8x^2 - 1)$	$-2^{22}3^{22}$	$2^{13}$	1

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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408	$3(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^2 - 2x + 2)(x^2 + 4x + 2)$	$-2^{22}3^{22}$	$2^{13}$	0
409	$-3(x^2 - 4x + 2)(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^2 + 2x + 2)$	$-2^{22}3^{22}$	$2^{13}$	0
410	$-3(x^2 - 8)(x^4 - 16x^2 - 8)$	$-2^{22}3^{22}$	$2^{14}$	0
411	$2(x - 1)(x^4 + 40x^3 + 20x^2 + 16x + 4)$	$-2^{41}3^{12}$	$2^{14}$	1
412	$-2(x - 1)(x^4 + 40x^3 + 20x^2 + 16x + 4)$	$-2^{41}3^{12}$	$2^{14}$	0
413	$-6(x^2 - 2)(x^2 + 1)(2x^2 - 1)$	$-2^{26}3^{22}$	$2^{12}$	0
414	$6(x^2 - 2)(x^2 + 1)(2x^2 - 1)$	$-2^{26}3^{22}$	$2^{12}$	0
415	$-3(x^2 - 2)(x^4 + 8x^2 - 2)$	$-2^{26}3^{22}$	$2^{15}$	1
416	$3(x^2 - 2)(x^4 + 8x^2 - 2)$	$-2^{26}3^{22}$	$2^{15}$	1
417	$3(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 16x^2 - 8)$	$2^{27}3^{22}$	$2^{13}$	0



## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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418	$-3(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 16x^2 - 8)$	$2^{27}3^{22}$	$2^{13}$	0
419	$3(x^2 + 4)(x^4 + 8x^2 - 2)$	$2^{27}3^{22}$	$2^{14}$	1
420	$-3(x^2 + 4)(x^4 + 8x^2 - 2)$	$2^{27}3^{22}$	$2^{14}$	1
421	$-6(x^2 + 1)(x^4 + 8x^2 - 2)$	$2^{31}3^{22}$	$2^{15}$	1
422	$6(x^2 - 2)(2x^4 - 8x^2 - 1)$	$-2^{32}3^{22}$	$2^{14}$	0
423	$6(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^2 - 2x + 2)(x^2 + 4x + 2)$	$-2^{32}3^{22}$	$2^{14}$	0
424	$-6(x^2 - 4x + 2)(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x^2 + 2x + 2)$	$-2^{32}3^{22}$	$2^{14}$	0
425	$-(2x^2 + 1)(4x^4 - 4x^2 + 32x - 31)$	$2^{50}3^{12}$	$2^{15}$	0
426	$(2x^2 + 1)(4x^4 - 4x^2 - 32x - 31)$	$2^{50}3^{12}$	$2^{15}$	1
427	$-(x^2 - 2)(x^2 + 2)(7x^2 - 16x - 14)$	$-2^{51}3^{12}$	$2^{11}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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428	$(x^2 - 2)(x^2 + 2)(7x^2 + 16x - 14)$	$-2^{51}3^{12}$	$2^{11}$	0
429	$6(x^2 - 2)(x^4 + 8x^2 - 2)$	$-2^{36}3^{22}$	$2^{15}$	0
430	$-6(x^2 - 2)(x^4 + 8x^2 - 2)$	$-2^{36}3^{22}$	$2^{15}$	1
431	$-3(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^2 + 4x + 5)(5x^2 - 4x + 1)$	$2^{41}3^{22}$	$2^{14}$	0
432	$-3(x^2 + 2x + 2)(x^4 + 16x^3 - 4x^2 + 32x + 4)$	$2^{45}3^{22}$	$2^{16}$	1
433	$3(x^2 - 2x + 2)(x^4 - 16x^3 - 4x^2 - 32x + 4)$	$2^{45}3^{22}$	$2^{16}$	0
434	$-3(x^2 - 6x + 7)(x^2 + 1)(7x^2 + 6x + 1)$	$-2^{46}3^{22}$	$2^{16}$	0
435	$3(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 6x + 7)(7x^2 - 6x + 1)$	$-2^{46}3^{22}$	$2^{16}$	0
436	$3(x^2 + 4x + 2)(x^4 - 16x^3 - 4x^2 - 32x + 4)$	$-2^{50}3^{22}$	$2^{15}$	0
437	$-3(x^2 - 4x + 2)(x^4 + 16x^3 - 4x^2 + 32x + 4)$	$-2^{50}3^{22}$	$2^{15}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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438	$3(x^2 - 2)(x^4 + 68x^2 + 4)$	$2^{51}3^{22}$	$2^{11}$	0
439	$-3(x^2 - 2)(x^4 + 68x^2 + 4)$	$2^{51}3^{22}$	$2^{11}$	0
440	$3(x^2 - 2x - 1)(17x^4 + 4x^3 + 34x^2 - 4x + 17)$	$2^{51}3^{22}$	$2^{14}$	0
441	$3(x^2 - 6x + 7)(x^4 - 12x^3 - 46x^2 - 84x - 47)$	$-2^{60}3^{22}$	$2^{20}$	0
442	$-3(2x^2 + 4x + 1)(4x^4 + 16x^3 - 76x^2 + 104x - 47)$	$-2^{60}3^{22}$	$2^{20}$	1
443	$-3(x^2 - 6x + 7)(x^4 - 12x^3 - 46x^2 - 84x - 47)$	$-2^{60}3^{22}$	$2^{20}$	1
444	$3(2x^2 + 4x + 1)(4x^4 + 16x^3 - 76x^2 + 104x - 47)$	$-2^{60}3^{22}$	$2^{20}$	0
445	$(x^2 + 4)(x^4 + 8x^3 + 4x^2 - 16x + 28)$	$2^{16}5^{12}$	$2^{12}$	1
446	$(4x - 1)(4x^4 - 20x^2 + 16x + 7)$	$-2^{16}5^{12}$	$2^{12}$	0
447	$-(2x + 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 - 14x^2 - 4x + 41)$	$-2^{26}5^{12}$	$2^{12}$	1

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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448	$-(x^2 + 1)(4x^4 - 16x^3 + 4x^2 + 8x + 7)$	$2^{26}5^{12}$	$2^{12}$	0
449	$-2(2x - 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 - 14x^2 + 4x + 41)$	$-2^{36}5^{12}$	$2^{13}$	0
450	$-2(x^2 + 1)(4x^4 - 16x^3 + 4x^2 + 8x + 7)$	$2^{36}5^{12}$	$2^{13}$	0
451	$2(2x - 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 - 14x^2 + 4x + 41)$	$-2^{36}5^{12}$	$2^{13}$	0
452	$2(x^2 + 1)(4x^4 - 16x^3 + 4x^2 + 8x + 7)$	$2^{36}5^{12}$	$2^{13}$	0
453	$(x - 3)(4x^4 + 16x^3 - 12x^2 + 8x - 47)$	$-2^{36}5^{12}$	$2^{16}$	0
454	$-(x - 3)(4x^4 + 16x^3 - 12x^2 + 8x - 47)$	$-2^{36}5^{12}$	$2^{16}$	0
455	$(2x^2 - 2x + 1)(4x^4 + 32x^3 + 76x^2 + 32x - 41)$	$2^{40}5^{12}$	$2^{19}$	1
456	$-(x^2 + 2x + 2)(23x^4 - 24x^3 - 52x^2 + 80x - 28)$	$2^{40}5^{12}$	$2^{19}$	1
457	$(x^2 - 2x + 2)(23x^4 + 24x^3 - 52x^2 - 80x - 28)$	$2^{40}5^{12}$	$2^{19}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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458	$-(2x^2 - 2x + 1)(4x^4 + 32x^3 + 76x^2 + 32x - 41)$	$2^{40}5^{12}$	$2^{19}$	0
459	$-5(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 14x^2 - 1)$	$2^{21}5^{22}$	$2^{12}$	0
460	$5(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 14x^2 - 1)$	$-2^{21}5^{22}$	$2^{12}$	0
461	$-5(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 14x^2 - 1)$	$-2^{21}5^{22}$	$2^{12}$	0
462	$5(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 14x^2 - 1)$	$2^{21}5^{22}$	$2^{12}$	0
463	$5(3x^2 + 2x + 3)(7x^4 - 4x^3 - 14x^2 - 4x + 7)$	$2^{21}5^{22}$	$2^{13}$	1
464	$-5(x^2 - 6x + 1)(7x^4 - 4x^3 - 14x^2 - 4x + 7)$	$-2^{21}5^{22}$	$2^{13}$	1
465	$(2x^2 - 2x + 1)(4x^4 - 16x^3 - 12x^2 - 8x - 47)$	$2^{46}5^{12}$	$2^{16}$	1
466	$-(2x^2 - 2x + 1)(4x^4 - 16x^3 - 12x^2 - 8x - 47)$	$2^{46}5^{12}$	$2^{16}$	1
467	$-10(x^2 + 2)(x^4 + 14x^2 - 1)$	$2^{31}5^{22}$	$2^{13}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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468	$10(x^2 - 2)(x^4 - 14x^2 - 1)$	$-2^{31}5^{22}$	$2^{13}$	0
469	$5(3x^2 + 2x + 1)(x^4 + 28x^3 - 30x^2 + 36x - 31)$	$2^{51}5^{22}$	$2^{12}$	0
470	$-5(3x^2 - 2x + 1)(x^4 - 28x^3 - 30x^2 - 36x - 31)$	$2^{51}5^{22}$	$2^{12}$	0
471	$-5(x^2 - 4x + 2)(x^4 + 32x^3 + 60x^2 + 64x + 4)$	$-2^{51}5^{22}$	$2^{14}$	0
472	$5(x^2 - 4x + 2)(x^4 + 32x^3 + 60x^2 + 64x + 4)$	$-2^{51}5^{22}$	$2^{14}$	0
473	$-(x^2 - 2x - 1)(2x^4 + 8x^3 + 8x^2 - 8x + 7)$	$2^{22}7^{12}$	$2^{13}$	1
474	$(x^2 - 2x - 1)(2x^4 + 8x^3 + 8x^2 - 8x + 7)$	$2^{22}7^{12}$	$2^{13}$	0
475	$(x^2 - 4x - 4)(x^4 + 8x^3 + 16x^2 - 32x + 56)$	$2^{22}7^{12}$	$2^{14}$	1
476	$-(2x - 1)(x^4 - 8x^2 + 32x + 136)$	$2^{27}7^{12}$	$2^{13}$	1
477	$(2x - 1)(x^4 - 8x^2 + 32x + 136)$	$2^{27}7^{12}$	$2^{13}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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478	$-(4x + 1)(2x^4 - 4x^2 - 8x + 17)$	$2^{27}7^{12}$	$2^{14}$	1
479	$-(4x - 1)(2x^4 - 4x^2 + 8x + 17)$	$2^{27}7^{12}$	$2^{14}$	0
480	$-2(x^2 + 2x - 1)(2x^4 - 8x^3 + 8x^2 + 8x + 7)$	$2^{32}7^{12}$	$2^{14}$	0
481	$(x - 3)(4x^4 + 16x^3 + 84x^2 + 200x + 289)$	$2^{37}7^{12}$	$2^{16}$	0
482	$(x + 3)(4x^4 - 16x^3 + 84x^2 - 200x + 289)$	$2^{37}7^{12}$	$2^{16}$	0
483	$-7(x^2 + 2)(2x^4 - 20x^2 + 1)$	$-2^{22}7^{22}$	$2^{13}$	1
484	$7(x^2 + 2)(2x^4 - 20x^2 + 1)$	$-2^{22}7^{22}$	$2^{13}$	0
485	$-7(x^2 + 8)(x^4 - 40x^2 + 8)$	$-2^{22}7^{22}$	$2^{14}$	0
486	$(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 + 66x^2 - 4x + 577)$	$2^{52}7^{12}$	$2^{14}$	1
487	$-(x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^4 + 4x^3 + 66x^2 - 4x + 577)$	$2^{52}7^{12}$	$2^{14}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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488	$7(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 40x^2 + 8)$	$-2^{27}7^{22}$	$2^{13}$	1
489	$-7(x^2 + 1)(x^4 - 40x^2 + 8)$	$-2^{27}7^{22}$	$2^{13}$	0
490	$-7(x^2 + 4)(x^4 - 20x^2 + 2)$	$-2^{27}7^{22}$	$2^{14}$	1
491	$7(x^2 + 4)(x^4 - 20x^2 + 2)$	$-2^{27}7^{22}$	$2^{14}$	0
492	$14(x^2 + 2)(2x^4 - 20x^2 + 1)$	$-2^{32}7^{22}$	$2^{14}$	1
493	$-7(x^2 + 2x + 2)(x^4 + 32x^3 - 132x^2 + 64x + 4)$	$-2^{47}7^{22}$	$2^{16}$	0
494	$7(x^2 - 2x + 2)(x^4 - 32x^3 - 132x^2 - 64x + 4)$	$-2^{47}7^{22}$	$2^{16}$	0
495	$-7(x^2 + 2x + 3)(31x^4 - 100x^3 + 30x^2 + 36x - 1)$	$-2^{52}7^{22}$	$2^{13}$	0
496	$7(x^2 + 2x + 3)(31x^4 - 100x^3 + 30x^2 + 36x - 1)$	$-2^{52}7^{22}$	$2^{13}$	0
497	$-(x - 1)(x + 1)(x^2 + 1)(239x^2 + 2x - 239)$	$-2^9 13^{12}$	$2^8$	0



## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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498	$(5x + 12)(12x - 5)(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 2x - 1)$	$-2^{19}13^{12}$	$2^{12}$	0
499	$x(x^4 - 478x^2 + 57122)$	$2^{19}13^{12}$	$2^{18}$	1
500	$x(x^4 + 478x^2 + 57122)$	$2^{19}13^{12}$	$2^{18}$	1
501	$-2(5x + 12)(12x - 5)(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 2x - 1)$	$-2^{29}13^{12}$	$2^{14}$	0
502	$2(5x + 12)(12x - 5)(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 2x - 1)$	$-2^{29}13^{12}$	$2^{14}$	0
503	$2x(x^4 + 478x^2 + 57122)$	$2^{29}13^{12}$	$2^{18}$	1
504	$2x(x^4 - 478x^2 + 57122)$	$2^{29}13^{12}$	$2^{18}$	1
505	$21(x^2 + 4x + 8)(17x^4 - 32x^3 - 44x^2 + 80x - 4)$	$-2^{17}3^{22}7^{22}$	$2^{13}$	0
506	$21(2x^2 - 2x + 1)(x^4 + 40x^3 + 44x^2 - 64x - 68)$	$-2^{27}3^{22}7^{22}$	$2^{13}$	0
507	$42(2x^2 - 2x + 1)(x^4 + 40x^3 + 44x^2 - 64x - 68)$	$-2^{37}3^{22}7^{22}$	$2^{14}$	0

## List of 512 genus 2 curves $C/\mathbb{Q}$

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508	$-42(2x^2 - 2x + 1)(x^4 + 40x^3 + 44x^2 - 64x - 68)$	$-2^{37}3^{22}7^{22}$	$2^{14}$	0
509	$(x + 44)(x^4 - 16x^3 - 164x^2 + 1056x - 3388)$	$-2^{39}3^{12}11^{12}$	$2^{16}$	1
510	$-(x + 44)(x^4 - 16x^3 - 164x^2 + 1056x - 3388)$	$-2^{39}3^{12}11^{12}$	$2^{16}$	1
511	$(3x^2 + 2x + 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 - 254x^2 - 252x - 2047)$	$2^{54}3^{12}11^{12}$	$2^{11}$	0
512	$-(3x^2 + 2x + 1)(x^4 - 4x^3 - 254x^2 - 252x - 2047)$	$2^{54}3^{12}11^{12}$	$2^{11}$	0

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# Summary

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## Theorem (V. WIP)

*There are at least 512  $\mathbb{Q}$ -isomorphism classes of genus 2 curves  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  whose Jacobian has good reduction away from 2. These include all such curves where  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  has good reduction away from either  $\{2, 3\}$ ,  $\{2, 5\}$ , or  $\{2, 7\}$ . In particular,*

- 1. There are exactly 78 genus 2 curves  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  whose Jacobian has good reduction away from 2 and such that  $\text{rad}(\Delta_{\min}) = 6$ .*
- 2. There are exactly 28 genus 2 curves  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  whose Jacobian has good reduction away from 2 and such that  $\text{rad}(\Delta_{\min}) = 10$ .*
- 3. There are exactly 24 genus 2 curves  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  whose Jacobian has good reduction away from 2 and such that  $\text{rad}(\Delta_{\min}) = 14$ .*

*All genus 2 curves  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  whose Jacobian is good outside 2 and such that  $|\Delta_{\min}| \leq 10^{14}$  is contained in our table.*

# Summary

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- All curves (and more stats) given at: [bit.ly/genus2](https://bit.ly/genus2)

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<sup>1</sup>Terms and conditions apply!

# Summary

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- All curves (and more stats) given at: [bit.ly/genus2](https://bit.ly/genus2)
- Are there any genus 2 curves  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  with  $\text{Jac}(C)$  good outside 2 not in our list?

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<sup>1</sup>Terms and conditions apply!

# Summary

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- All curves (and more stats) given at: [bit.ly/genus2](https://bit.ly/genus2)
- Are there any genus 2 curves  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  with  $\text{Jac}(C)$  good outside 2 not in our list?
- If you can find any more curves, you'll win 10 000 Kč.<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1</sup>Terms and conditions apply!

# Summary

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- All curves (and more stats) given at: [bit.ly/genus2](https://bit.ly/genus2)
- Are there any genus 2 curves  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  with  $\text{Jac}(C)$  good outside 2 not in our list?
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**Thank you!**

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# Summary

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- All curves (and more stats) given at: [bit.ly/genus2](https://bit.ly/genus2)
- Are there any genus 2 curves  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  with  $\text{Jac}(C)$  good outside 2 not in our list?
- If you can find any more curves, you'll win 10 000 Kč.<sup>1</sup>

**Thank you!**

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<sup>1</sup>Terms and conditions apply!



[bit.ly/genus2](https://bit.ly/genus2)

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Poster generated by ChatGPT (2024)

[bit.ly/genus2](https://bit.ly/genus2)

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Poster generated by ChatGPT (2024)

## [bit.ly/genus2](http://bit.ly/genus2)

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*When the number of known genus 2 curves  $C/\mathbb{Q}$  whose Jacobians have good reduction away from 2 is exactly a power of 2*

